

- c) Every person is entitled to own property individually or in association with others. State ownership of certain economic resources in the public interest is legitimate.
- d) The poor have the right to a prescribed share in the wealth of the rich, as fixed by Zakah, levied and collected in accordance with the Law.
- e) All means of production shall be utilised in the interest of the community (*Ummah*) as a whole, and may not be neglected or misused.
- f) In order to promote the development of a balanced economy and to protect society from exploitation, Islamic Law forbids monopolies, unreasonable restrictive trade practices, usury, the use of coercion in the making of contracts and the publication of misleading advertisements.
- g) All economic activities are permitted provided they are not detrimental to the interests of the community (*Ummah*) and do not violate Islamic laws and values.

XVI Right to Protection of Property

No property may be expropriated except in the public interest and on payment of fair and adequate compensation.

XVII Status and Dignity of Workers

Islam honours work and the worker and enjoins Muslims not only to treat the worker justly but also generously. He is not only to be paid his earned wages promptly, but is also entitled to adequate rest and leisure.

12

XVIII Right to Social Security

Every person has the right to food, shelter, clothing, education and medical care consistent with the resources of the community. This obligation of the community extends in particular to all individuals who cannot take care of themselves due to some temporary or permanent disability.

XIX Right to Found a Family and Related Matters

- a) Every person is entitled to marry, to found a family and to bring up children in conformity with his religion, traditions and culture. Every spouse is entitled to such rights and privileges and carries such obligations as are stipulated by the Law.
- b) Each of the partners in a marriage is entitled to respect and consideration from the other.
- c) Every husband is obligated to maintain his wife and children according to his means.
- d) Every child has the right to be maintained and properly brought up by its parents, it being forbidden that children are made to work at an early age or that any burden is put on them which would arrest or harm their natural development.
- e) If parents are for some reason unable to discharge their obligations towards a child it becomes the responsibility of the community to fulfil these obligations at public expense.
- f) Every person is entitled to material support, as well as care and protection, from his family during his childhood, old age or incapacity. Parents are entitled to material support as well as care and protection from their children.

13

- g) Motherhood is entitled to special respect, care and assistance on the part of the family and the public organs of the community (*Ummah*).

- h) Within the family, men and women are to share in their obligations and responsibilities according to their sex, their natural endowments, talents and inclinations, bearing in mind their common responsibilities toward their progeny and their relatives.

- i) No person may be married against his or her will, or lose or suffer diminution of legal personality on account of marriage.

XX Rights of Married Women

Every married woman is entitled to:

- a) live in the house in which her husband lives;
- b) receive the means necessary for maintaining a standard of living which is not inferior to that of her spouse, and, in the event of divorce, receive during the statutory period of waiting (*Iddah*) means of maintenance commensurate with her husband's resources, for herself as well as for the children she nurses or keeps, irrespective of her own financial status, earnings, or property that she may hold in her own right;
- c) seek and obtain dissolution of marriage (*Khul'a*) in accordance with the terms of the Law. This right is in addition to her right to seek divorce through the courts.
- d) inherit from her husband, her parents, her children and other relatives according to the Law;

14

- e) strict confidentiality from her spouse, or ex-spouse if divorced, with regard to any information that he may have obtained about her, the disclosure of which could prove detrimental to her interests. A similar responsibility rests upon her in respect of her spouse or ex-spouse.

XXI Right to Education

- a) Every person is entitled to receive education in accordance with his natural capabilities.
- b) Every person is entitled to a free choice of profession and career and to the opportunity for the full development of his natural endowments.

XXII Right of Privacy

Every person is entitled to the protection of his privacy.

XXIII Right to Freedom of Movement and Residence

- a) In view of the fact that the World of Islam is veritably *Ummah Islamia*, every Muslim shall have the right to freely move in and out of any Muslim country.

- b) No one shall be forced to leave the country of his residence, or be arbitrarily deported therefrom, without recourse to due process of Law.

15

Explanatory Notes

- 1 In the above formulation of Human Rights, unless the context provides otherwise:
- a) the term 'person' refers to both the male and female sexes.
- b) the term 'Law' denotes the *Shari'ah*, i.e. the totality of ordinances derived from the Qur'an and the Sunnah and any other laws that are deduced from these two sources by methods considered valid in Islamic jurisprudence.
- 2 Each one of the Human Rights enunciated in this Declaration carries a corresponding duty.
- 3 In the exercise and enjoyment of the rights referred to above every person shall be subject only to such limitations as are enjoined by the Law for the purpose of securing the due recognition of, and respect for, the rights and the freedom of others and of meeting the just requirements of morality, public order and the general welfare of the Community (*Ummah*).
- 4 The Arabic text of this Declaration is the original.

Glossary of Arabic Terms

SUNNAH	The example or way of life of the Prophet (peace be upon him), embracing what he said, did or agreed to.
KHILAFAH	The vicegerency of man on earth or succession to the Prophet, transliterated into English as the Caliphate.
HISBAH	Public vigilance, an institution of the Islamic State enjoined to observe and facilitate the fulfilment of right norms of public behaviour. The "Hisbah" consists in public vigilance as well as an opportunity to private individuals to seek redress through it.
MA'ROOF	Good act.
MUNKAR	Reprehensible deed.
ZAKAH	The 'purifying' tax on wealth, one of the five pillars of Islam obligatory on Muslims.
IDDAH	The waiting period of a widowed or divorced woman during which she is not to re-marry.
KHULA	Divorce a woman obtains at her own request.
UMMAH	
ISLAMIA	World Muslim community.
SHARIAH	Islamic law.

17

References

NOTE: The Roman numerals refer to the topics in the text. The Arabic numerals refer to the Chapter and the Verse, of the Qur'an, i.e. 5:32 means Chapter 5, Verse 32.

I	1 Qur'an Al-Maidah 5:32 2 Hadith narrated by Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 3 Hadith narrated by Bukhari	V	26 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim 27 Qur'an Al-Isra 17:15 28 Qur'an Al-Ahzab 33:5 29 Qur'an Al-Hujurat 49:6 30 Qur'an An-Najm 53:28 31 Qur'an Al-Baqarah 2:229 32 Hadith narrated by Al Baihaki, Hakim 33 Qur'an Al-Isra 17:15 34 Qur'an At-Tur 52:21 35 Qur'an Yusuf 12:79
II	4 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim 5 Sayings of Caliph Umar 6 Qur'an As-Shura 42:41 7 Qur'an Al-Hajj 22:41	VI	36 Qur'an Al-Ahzab 33:58
III	8 From the Prophet's address 9 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 10 From the address of Caliph Abu Bakr 11 From the Prophet's farewell address 12 Qur'an Al-Ahqaf 46:19 13 Hadith narrated by Ahmad 14 Qur'an Al-Mulk 67:15 15 Qur'an Al-Zalzalah 99:7-8	VII	37 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 38 Hadith narrated by Ibn Majah
IV	16 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:59 17 Qur'an Al-Maidah 5:49 18 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:148 19 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Tirmidhi 20 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim 21 Hadith narrated by Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 22 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 23 Hadith narrated by Abu Daud, Tirmidhi 24 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 25 Hadith narrated by Bukhari	VIII	39 From the Prophet's farewell address 40 Qur'an Al-Hujurat 49:12 41 Qur'an Al-Hujurat 49:11 42 Qur'an At-Tawba 9:6 43 Qur'an Al-Imran 3:97 44 Qur'an Al-Baqarah 2:125 45 Qur'an Al-Hajj 22:25
XIII	56 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:83 57 Qur'an Al-Anam 6:108	X	46 Qur'an Al-Baqarah 2:256 47 Qur'an Al-Maidah 5:42 48 Qur'an Al-Maidah 5:43 49 Qur'an Al-Maidah 5:47
XIV	58 Qur'an Al-Kafirun 109:6 59 Qur'an Yusuf 12:108 60 Qur'an Al-Imran 3:104 61 Qur'an Al-Maidah 5:2 62 Hadith narrated by Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai, Ibn Majah	XI	50 Qur'an As-Shura 42:38 51 Hadith narrated by Ahmad 52 From the address of Caliph Abu Bakr
XV	63 Qur'an Al-Maidah 5:120 64 Qur'an Al-Jathiyah 45:13 65 Qur'an Ash-Shuara 26:183 66 Qur'an Al-Isra 17:20 67 Qur'an Hud 11:6 68 Qur'an Al-Mulk 67:15 69 Qur'an An-Najm 53:48 70 Qur'an Al-Hashr 59:9 71 Qur'an Al-Maarij 79:24-25 72 Sayings of Caliph Abu Bakr 73 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim 74 Hadith narrated by Bukhari 75 Hadith narrated by Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 76 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 77 Qur'an Al-Mutaffifin 82:1-3 78 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim 79 Qur'an Al-Baqarah 2:275 80 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai	XII	53 Qur'an Al-Ahzab 33:60-61 54 Qur'an Saba 34:36 55 Hadith narrated by Tirmidhi, Nasai
XVI	81 Qur'an Al-Baqarah 2:188 82 Hadith narrated by Bukhari 83 Hadith narrated by Muslim 84 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Tirmidhi	XIII	90 Hadith narrated by Tabarani—Majma Al Zawaid 91 Hadith narrated by Bukhari
XVII	85 Qur'an At-Tawbah 9:105 86 Hadith narrated by Abu Yala—Majma Al Zawaid 87 Hadith narrated by Ibn Majah 88 Qur'an Al-Ahqaf 46:19 89 Qur'an At-Tawbah 9:105	XIV	92 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:1 93 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:1 94 Qur'an Al-Baqarah 2:228 95 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi, Nasai 96 Qur'an Ar-Rum 30:21 97 Qur'an At-Talaq 65:7 98 Qur'an Al-Isra 17:24 99 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi 100 Hadith narrated by Abu Daud 101 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim 102 Hadith narrated by Abu Daud, Tirmidhi 103 Hadith narrated by Ahmad, Abu Daud
		XV	104 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:34 105 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:34 106 Qur'an At-Talaq 65:6 107 Qur'an At-Talaq 65:6 108 Qur'an Al-Baqarah 2:229 109 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:12 110 Qur'an Al-Imran 3:237
		XVI	111 Qur'an Al-Isra 17:23-24 112 Hadith narrated by Ibn Majah 113 Qur'an Al-Imran 3:187 114 From the Prophet's farewell address 115 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim 116 Hadith narrated by Bukhari, Muslim, Abu Daud, Tirmidhi
		XVII	117 Hadith narrated by Muslim 118 Qur'an Al-Hujurat 49:12 119 Hadith narrated by Abu Daud, Tirmidhi
		XVIII	120 Qur'an Al-Mulk 67:15 121 Qur'an Al-Anam 6:11 122 Qur'an An-Nisa 4:97 123 Qur'an Al-Baqarah 2:217 124 Qur'an Al-Hashr 59:9

18